Homeschooling Technology Class Series, by TTC

Intro to Computer & Internet Theory

(12hr class, compressed into 2 hrs)

By: Thomas Weeks, Tweeks Technical Consulting, ©2013 tweeks-ttc@theweeks.org

Prepared For: Let's Code Blacksburg!, 2015

TTC: Intro To Computers About Me

Thomas Weeks, Systems Engineer + Community Liaison



BS-EET / Telecom TAMU, RHCE

Co-Authored: "The Linux Troubleshooting Bible" Contributing author on: "Linux Toys II"

President of XCSSA.ORG 14 yrs Founder of NRV Rocketry Club Organizer/Instructor for Let's Code



RHCE

Intro To Computer and Internet Theory

Intro to Computer Theory

- How Were Computers Created?
- How Do Computers Work?
- How Data and File Storage Works
- Computer System's Files vs People's Files

Intro to Internet Theory

- Client Computers and Server Computers
- How Computer Networks Work
- Computer Names vs IP Addresses
- Computer Networking Tool Labs



Intro To Computers: How Were Computers Created?

Intro to Computer Theory

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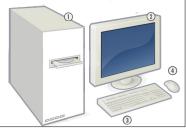
Intro to Internet Theory

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Intro To Computers: How Were Computers Created? Computer & Internet History

- 1800s: Punch Cards
- 1940s: Military Computers
- 1960s: ARPAnet & UNIX
- 1970s: The First CPU Is Invented
- 1980s: ARPA/Internet Standards (TCP/IP & email)
- 1980s: PC + MoDems + BBS' = Online _____
- 1990s: On-Line Services → Internet Service Providers (ISPs)
- 1995: Internet Opens Up To Public Internet
- 1995-1999: Internet ".com" Explosion GOOS

Intro To Computers: How Do Computers Work?

2

Intro to Computer Theory

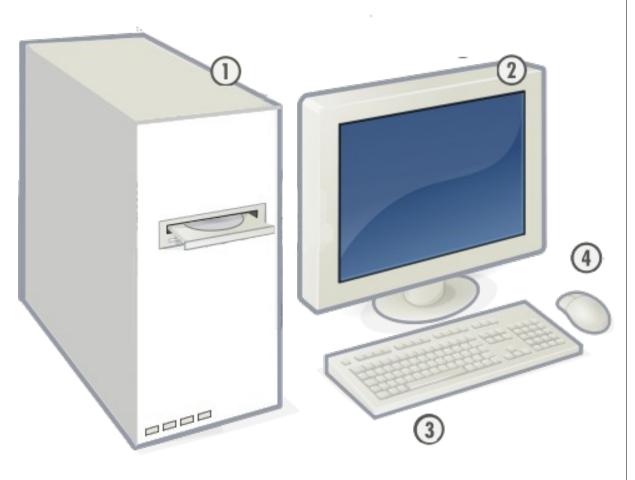
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Intro To Computers: How Do Computers Work? The Outside Parts

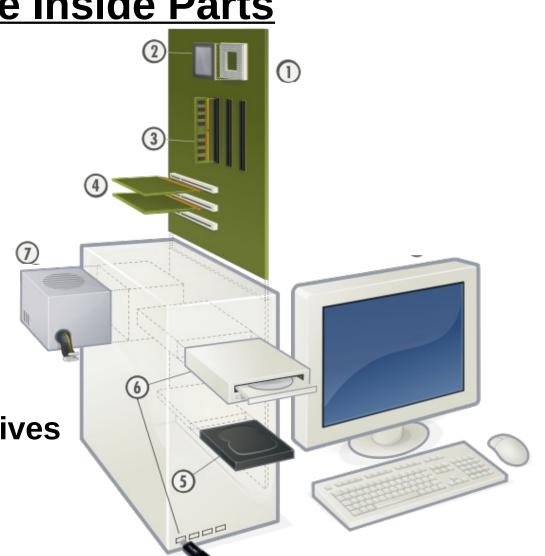
- **1)** The Computer Case
- 2) The Monitor
- **3)** The Keyboard
- 4) The Mouse



[1] - <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Personal_computer_hardware</u>

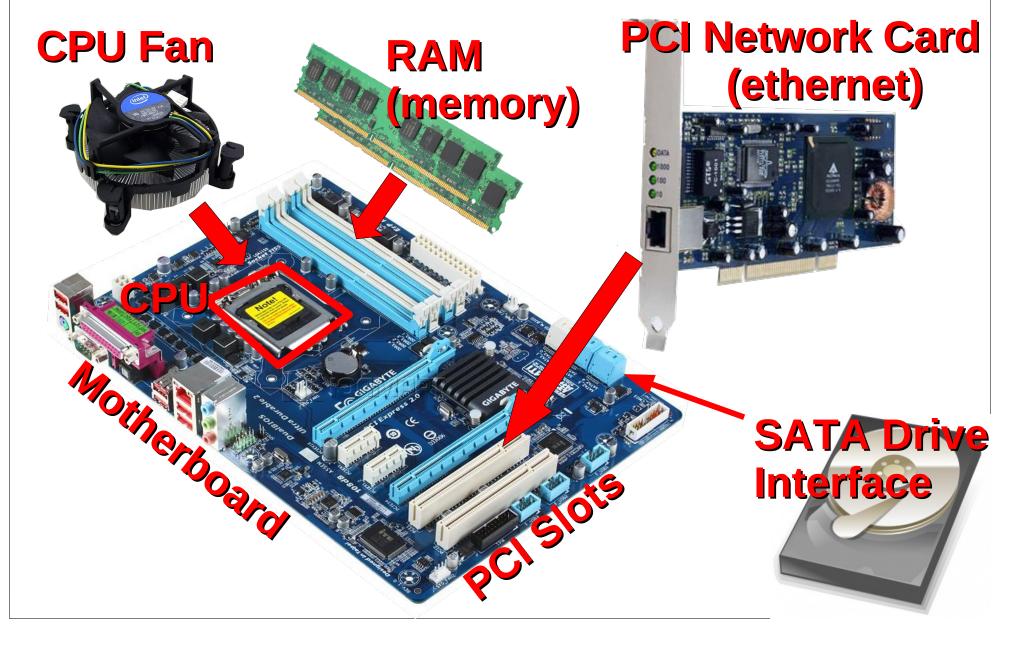
Intro To Computers: How Do Computers Work? The Inside Parts

- **1)** The Mother Board
- 2) The CPU
- 3) The Memory (RAM)
- 4) The Video& Network Cards
- **5)** The Hard Drive
- 6) Optical & USB Flash Drives
- 7) Power Supply



[1] - <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Personal_computer_hardware_</u>

Intro To Computers: How Do Computers Work?



Intro To Computers: **How Do Computers Work? The Inside Parts & What They Do**

- **1)** The Mother Board...... Connects All The Parts Together
- 2) The CPU...... The Central Processing Unit (brain)
- 3) The Memory (RAM)...... Where Programs Run
- 4) The Video & Network Cards
- 5) The Hard Drive.....

Paints images on the screen Network cards connect to the Net

- File & Data (information) Storage
- 6) Optical & USB Drives..... CDs, DVDs, USB-Thumb drives
- 7) Power Supply Provides power to everything

Intro To Computers: **How Do Computers Work? The Inside Parts & What They Do**

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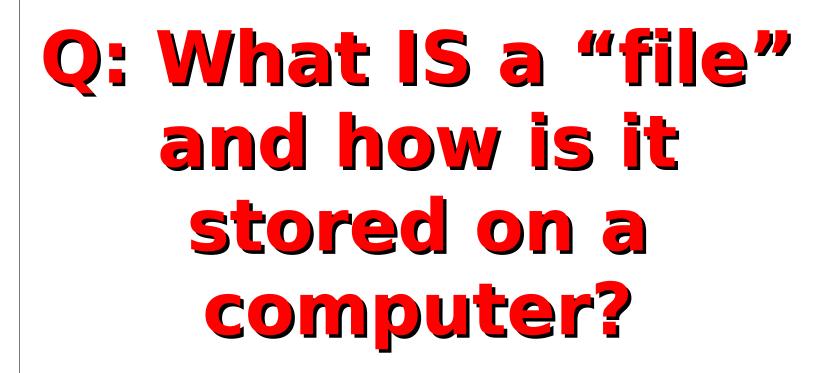
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- Files are just data, information or programs
- Files are stored in folders

Folders and files are kept in a "filesystem"

What Filesystems Are:

- Filesystems organize and hold files and folders making them easy for humans to find.
- Some folders (directories) are for people and some are for computer operating systems.
- <u>Filesystems are created</u> on drives or disks <u>when they are formatted.</u>

older

What Filesystems Are:

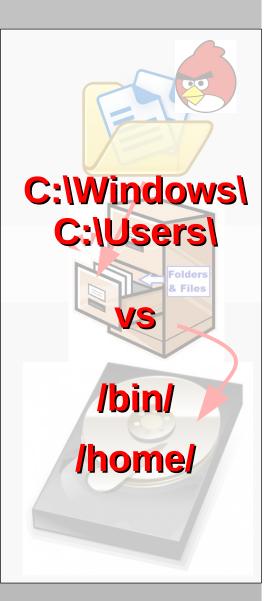
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<u>Windows File Locations</u> <u>C:\</u> root filesystem	Linux/UNIX File Locations
<u>C:\Windows\</u> system & library files	<u>/bin/ & sbin/</u> system files <u>/lib/</u> system library files <u>/etc/</u> system config files
<u>C:\Program Files\programs&packages</u>	<u>/usr/</u> programs & packages Files
<u>C:\Users\</u> user home folders D:\ , E:\ , F:\media drive letters	/home/user home folders /media/media mounts /tmp/temporary files /var/system varibles, program content, & run time file space.

	<u>Windows File Locations</u> <u>C:\</u> root filesystem	Linux/UNIX File Locations
<	<u>C:\Windows\</u> system & library files	<u>/bin/ & sbin/</u> system files <u>/lib/</u> system library files <u>/etc/</u> system config files
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<u>Windows File Locations</u> <u>C:\</u> root filesystem	Linux/UNIX File Locations
<u>C:\Windows\</u> system & library files <u>Computer's (system) files</u>	<u>/bin/ & sbin/</u> system files <u>/lib/</u> system library files <u>/etc/</u> system config files
<u>C:\Program Files\programs&packages</u>	/ <u>usr/</u> programs & packages
<u>C:\Users\</u> user home folders D:\ , E:\ , F:\media drive letters	<u>/home/</u> user home folders /media/media mounts
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	<u>Human's (user) files</u>	<u>/tmp/</u> temporary files <u>/var/</u> system varibles, program content, & run time file space.

TTC: Intro To Computers Computer Files vs People Files

Remember These File Locations?

<u>Windows File Locations</u> <u>C:\</u> root filesystem	Linux/UNIX File Locations
<u>C:\Windows\</u> system & library files	<u>/bin/ & sbin/</u> system files <u>/lib/</u> system library files <u>/etc/</u> system config files
<u>C:\Program Files\programs&packages</u>	/usr/programs & packages
<u>C:\Users\</u> user home folders D: E: F:\media drive letters	<u>/home/</u> user /media/me
<u>Lab Race!</u> Who can Find the f	<u>/tmp/</u> ti <u>Ivar/</u> sys ies, program content, & iles first ime file space.

Kids: Lab Race! Accomplish each of the steps below and show the instructor or TA what you've found.

On Your Marks!

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On Your Marks!

Get Set.....

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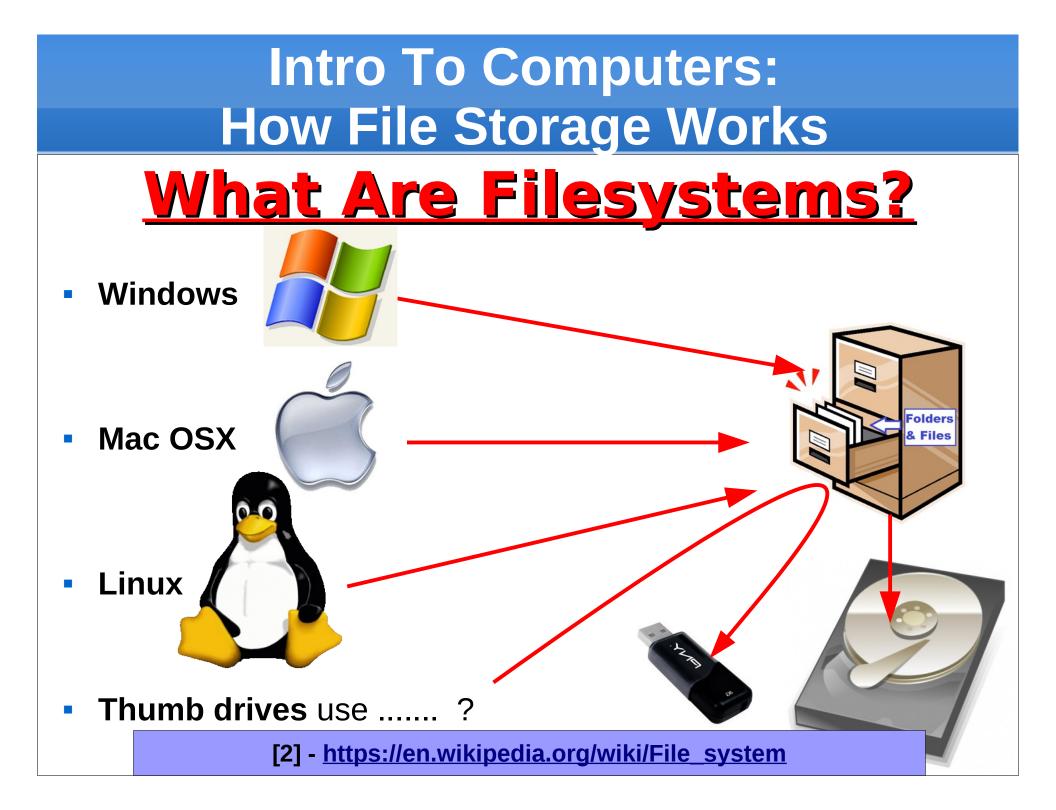
1) Windows students: Find the "CMD.EXE" system file & run it.

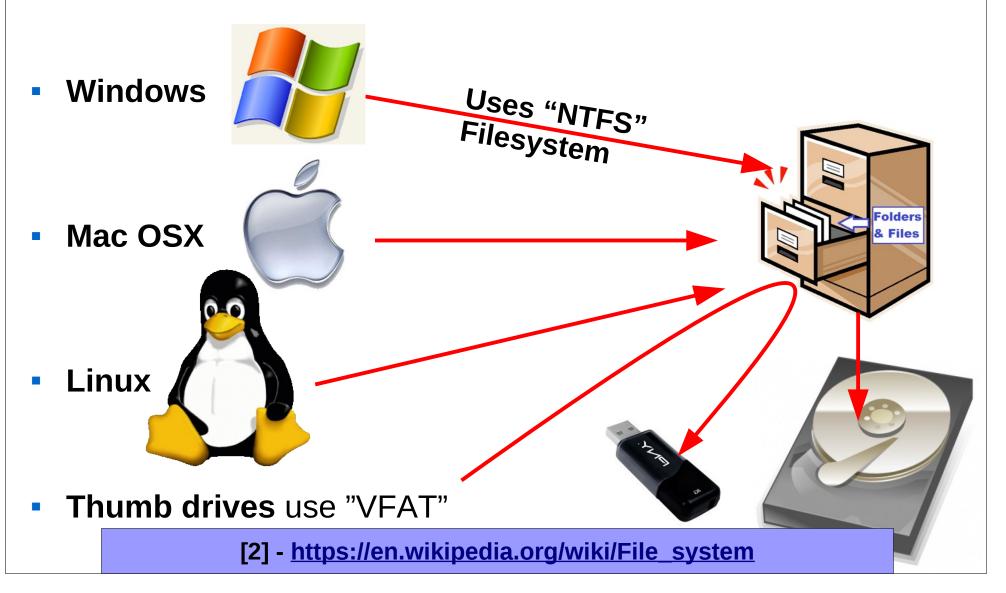
Mac/Linux students: Find the "bash" system file & run it.

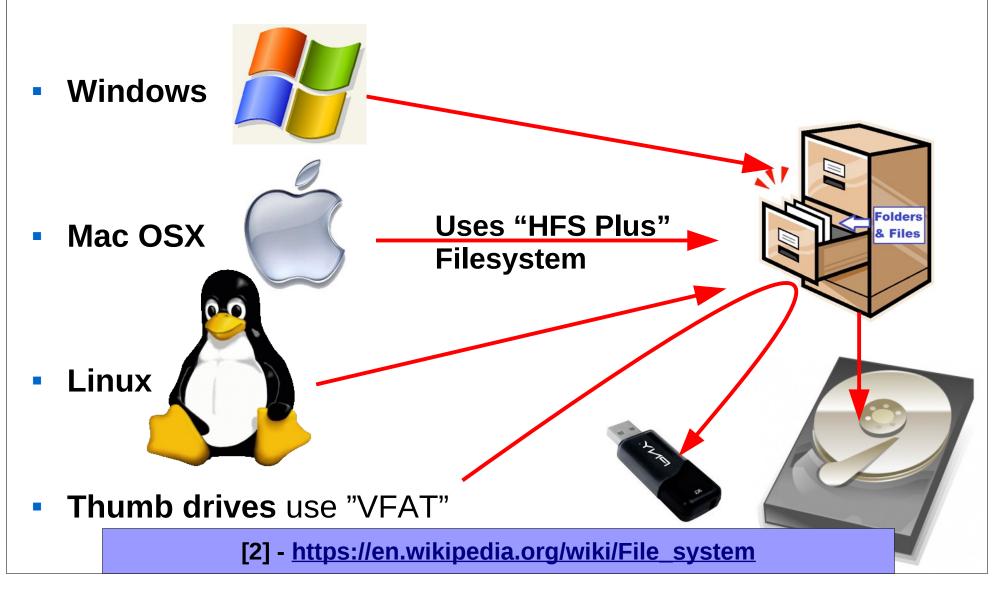
2) From the desktop, create a pretend book report text file in the correct file location.

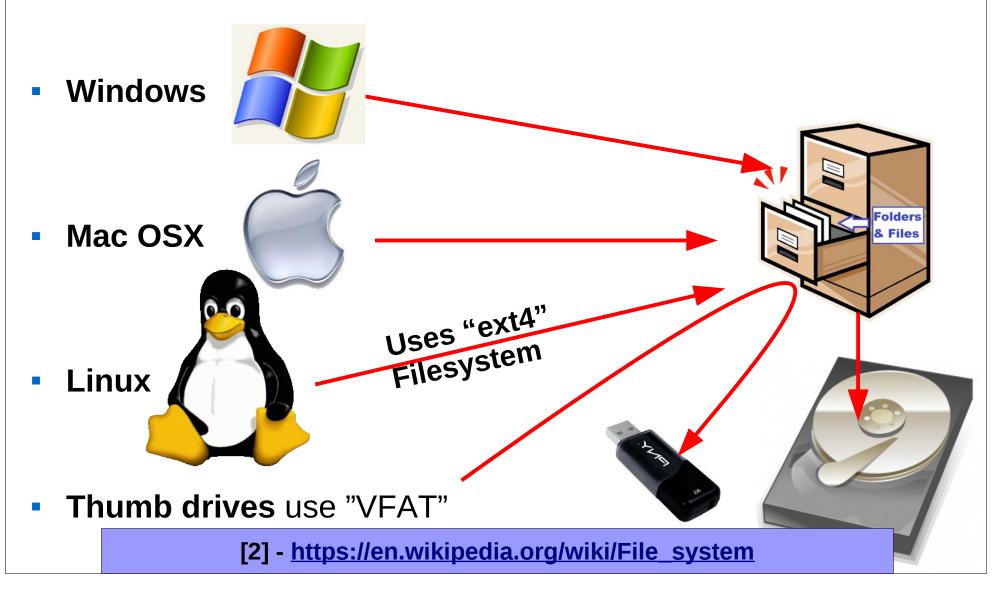
3) Find a program that is installed on your system and show the instructor or TA.

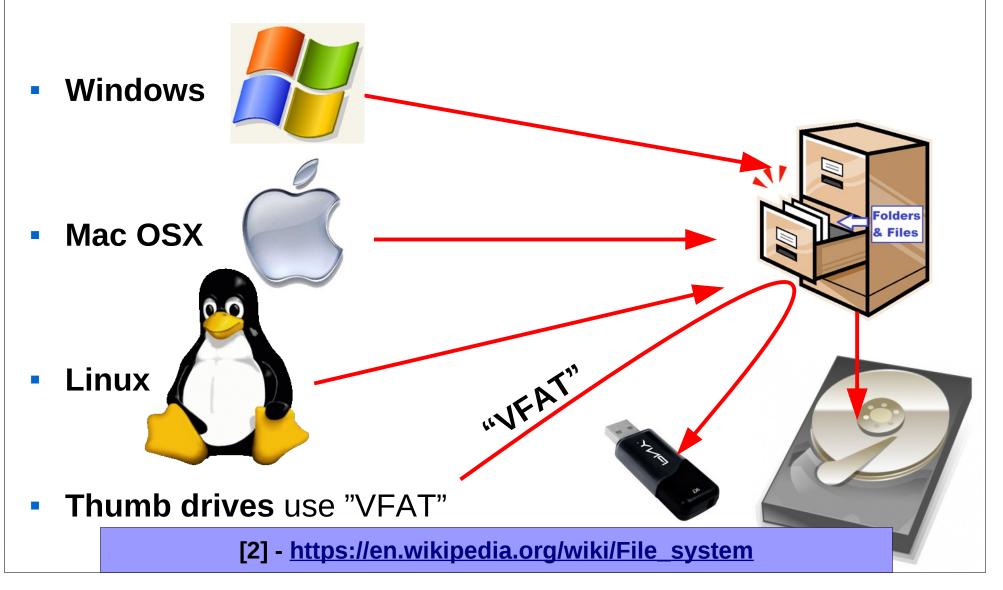
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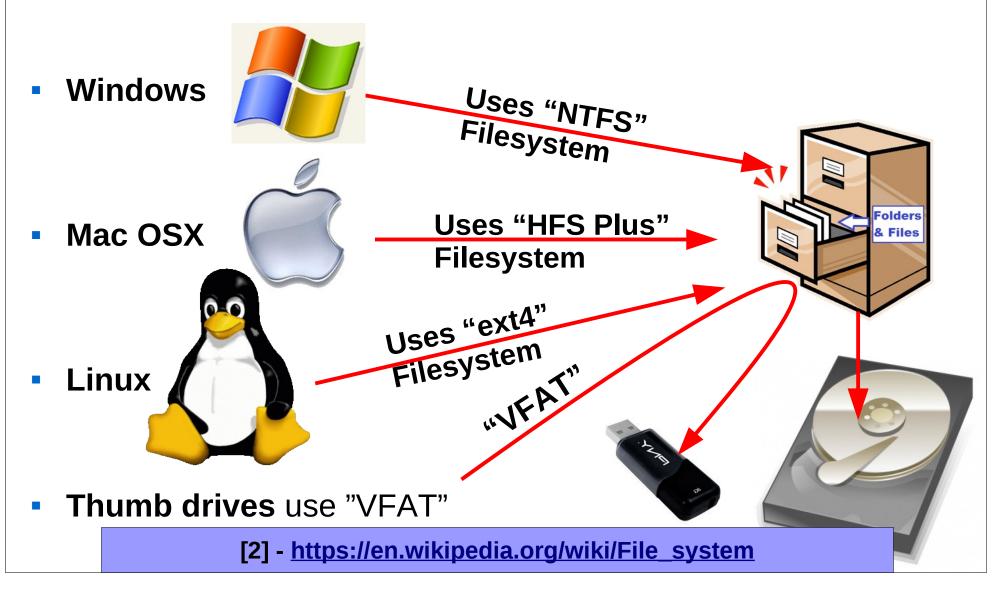


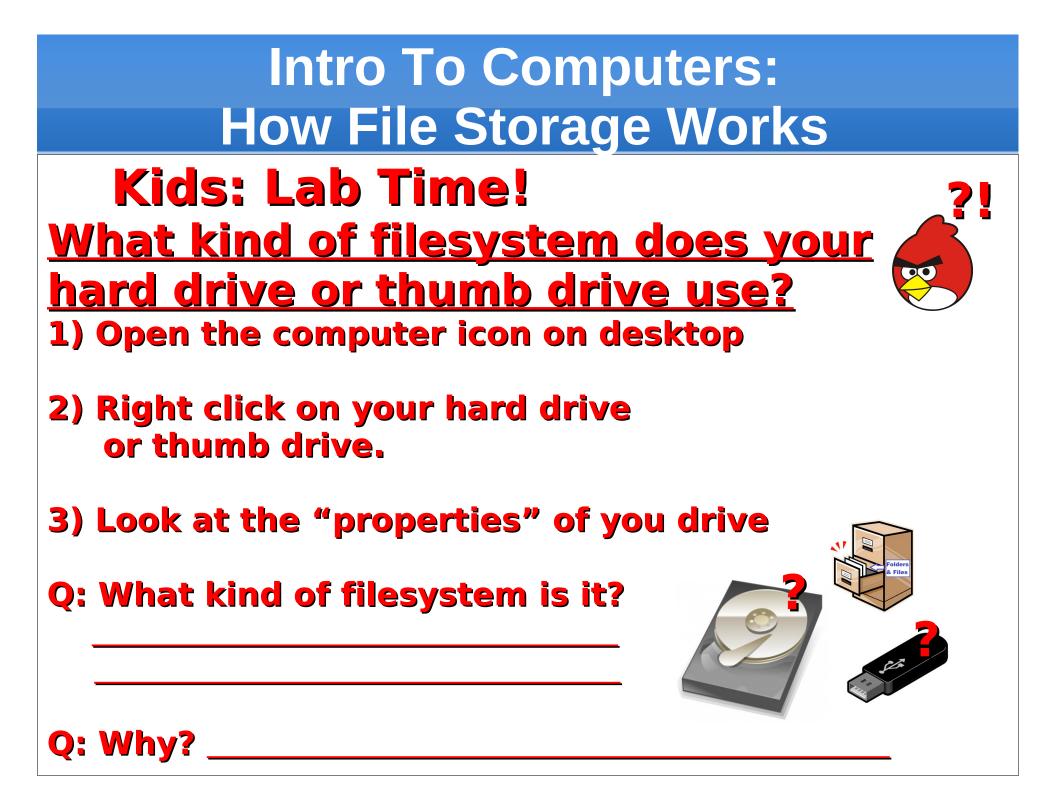












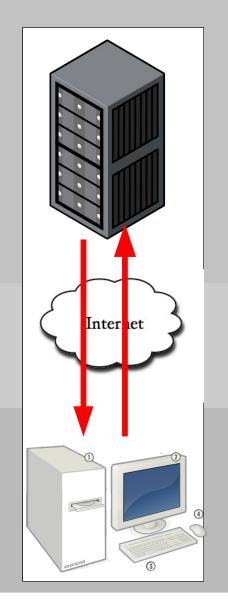
TTC: Intro To Internet Client and Server Computers

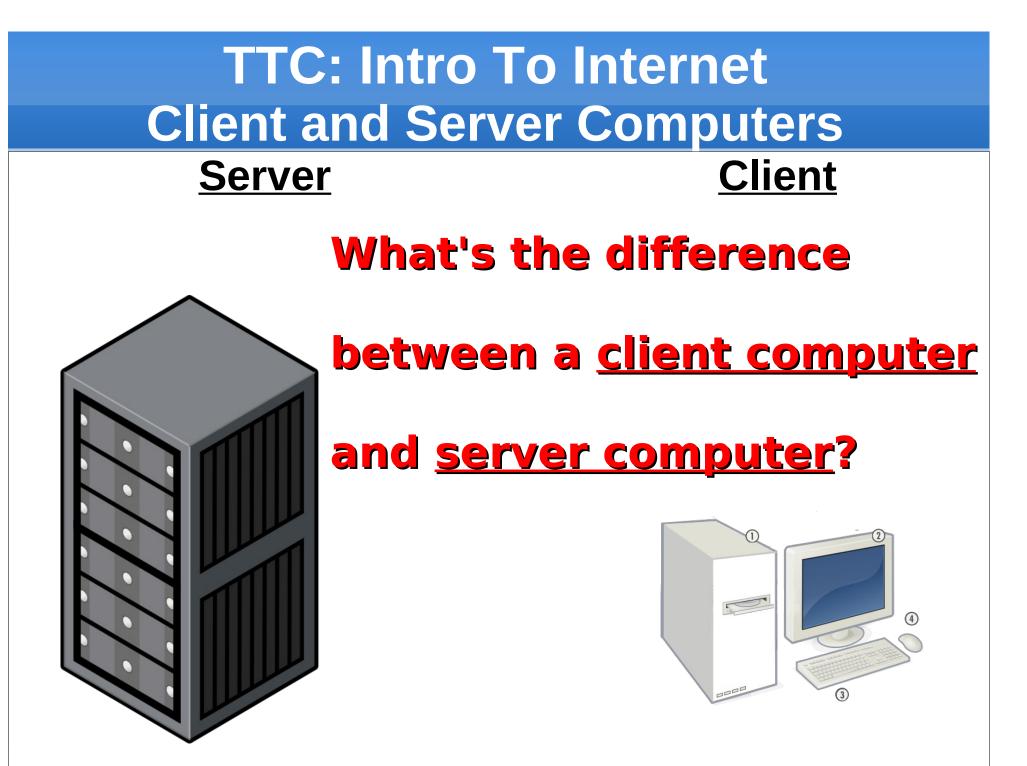
Intro to Computer Theory

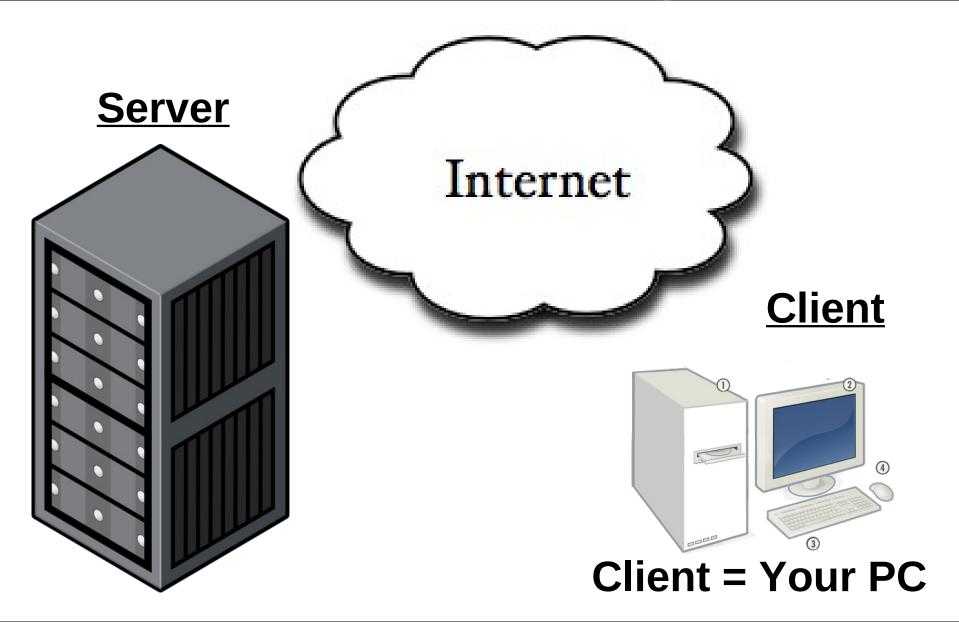
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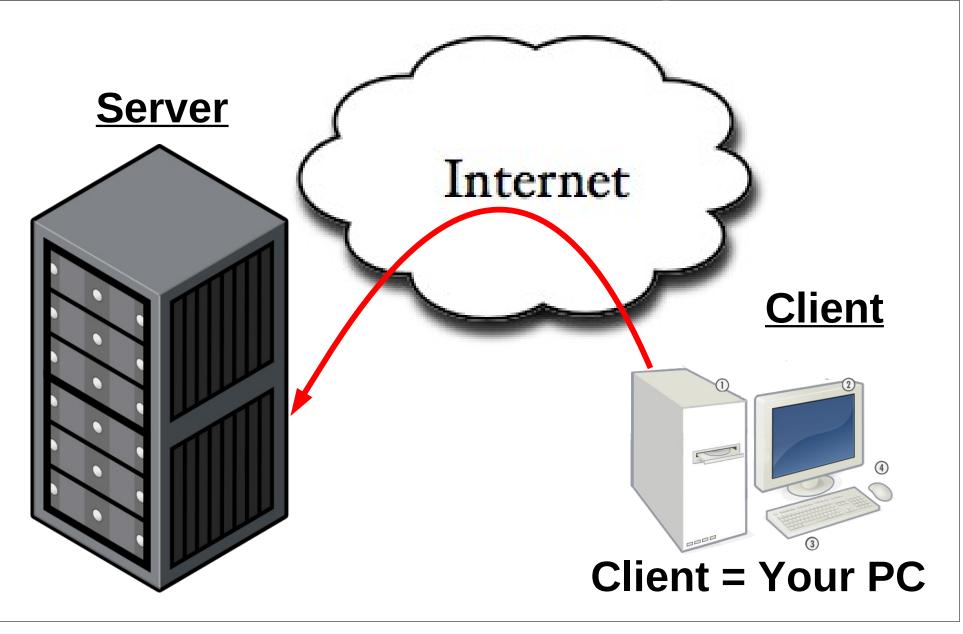
Intro to Internet Theory

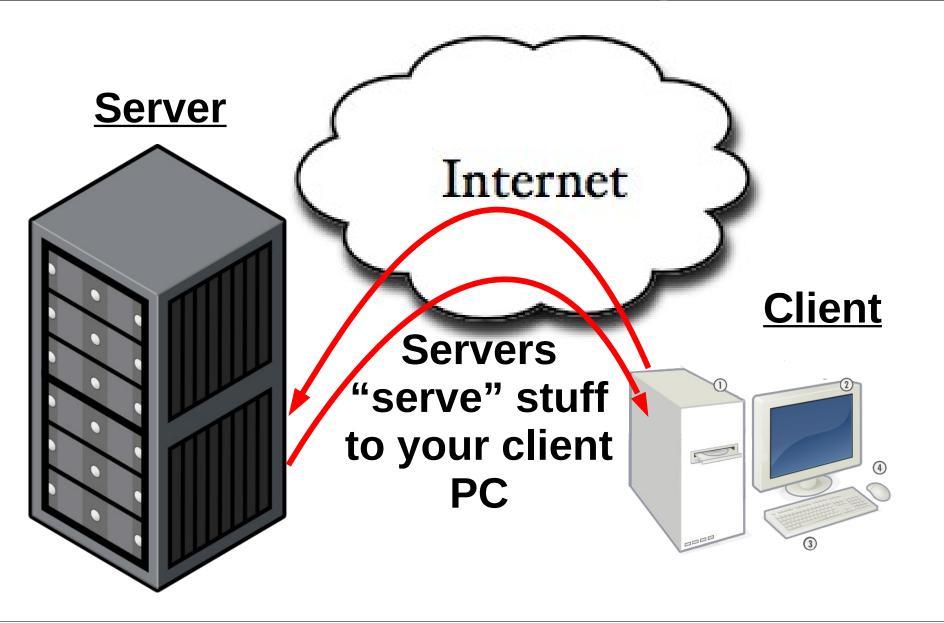
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TTC: Intro To Internet **Client and Server Computers Client Software**

Server Software

Service **Web Services**

Email Services

Streaming Music

File Transfer nternet Chat

Server Software

Service Web Services **Client Software**

Firefox / IE / Safari

Email Services

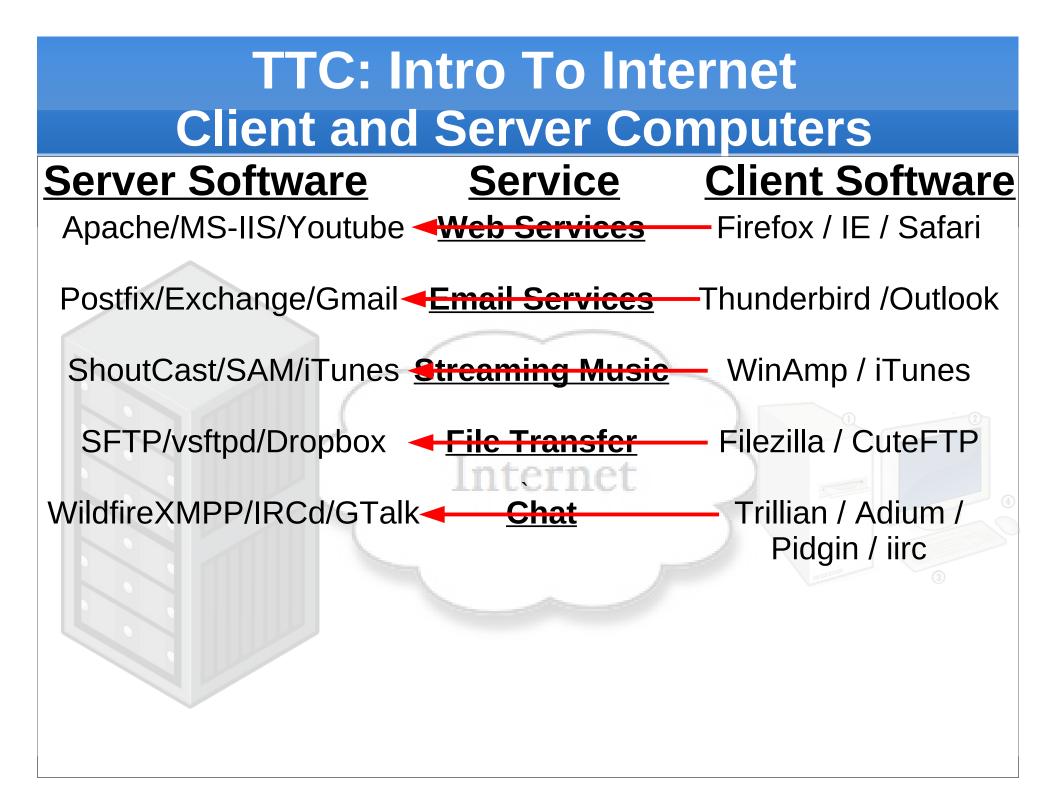
Thunderbird /Outlook

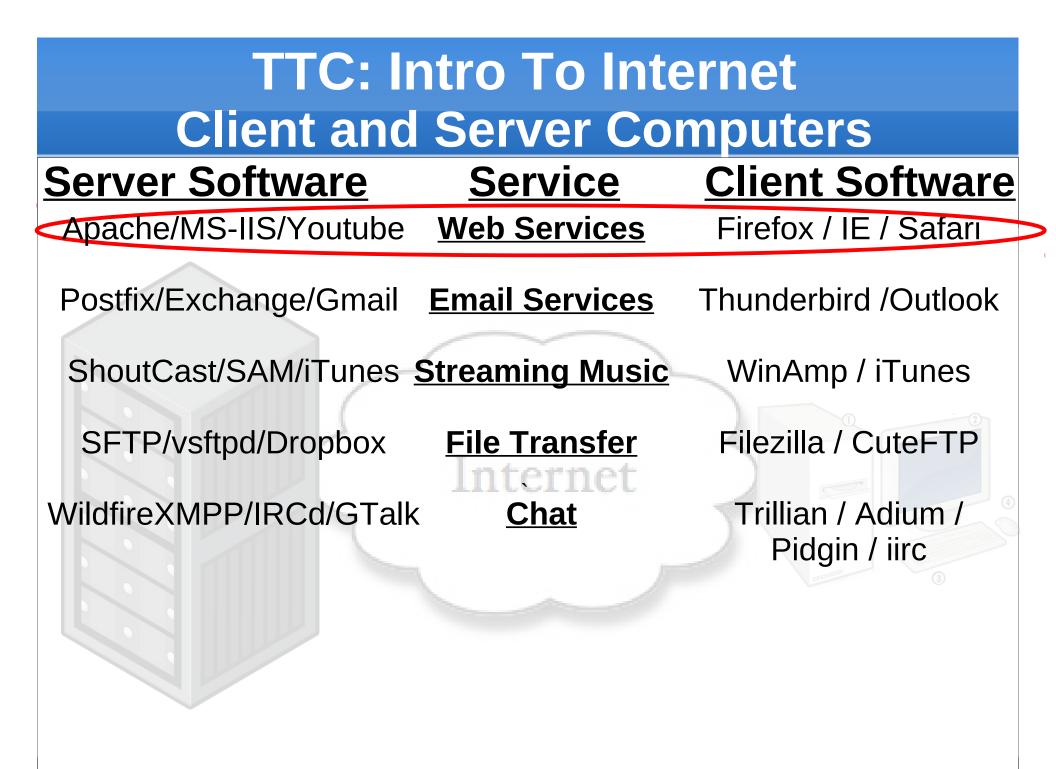
Streaming Music

WinAmp / iTunes

File Transfer Internet Chat Filezilla / CuteFTP

Trillian / Adium / Pidgin / iirc



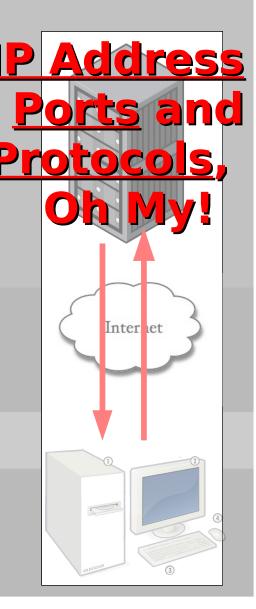


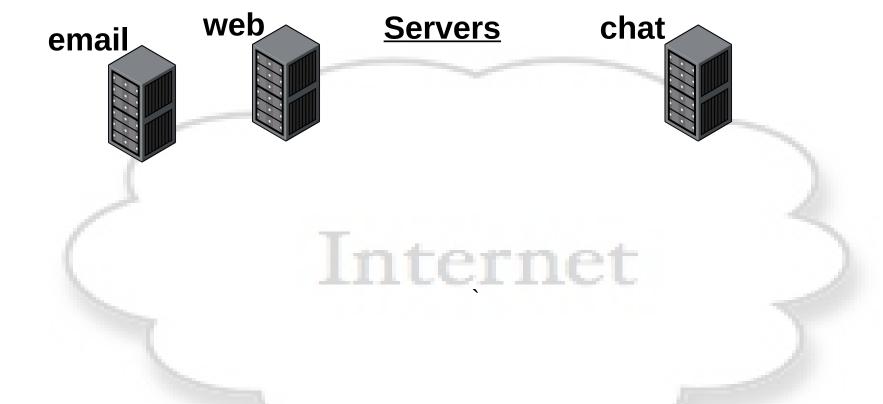
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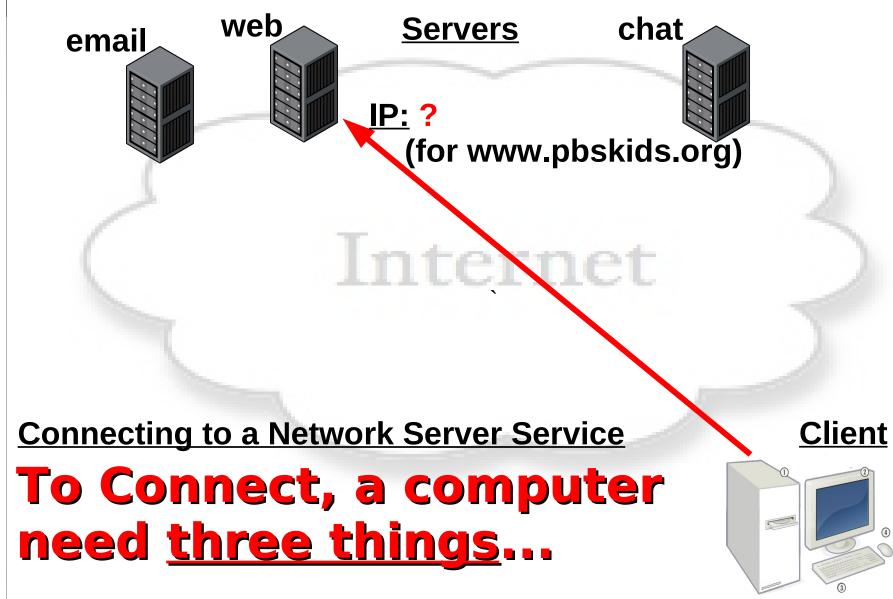


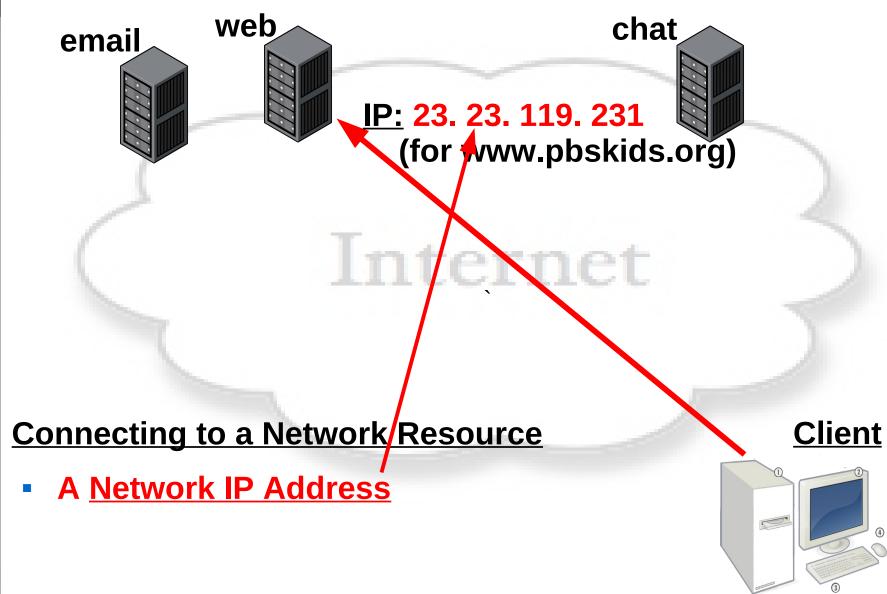


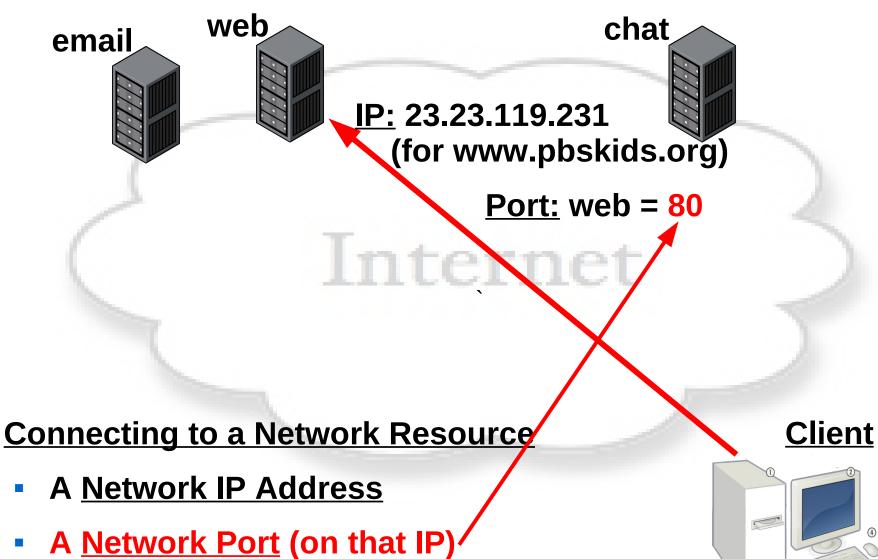
Connecting to a Network Server Service

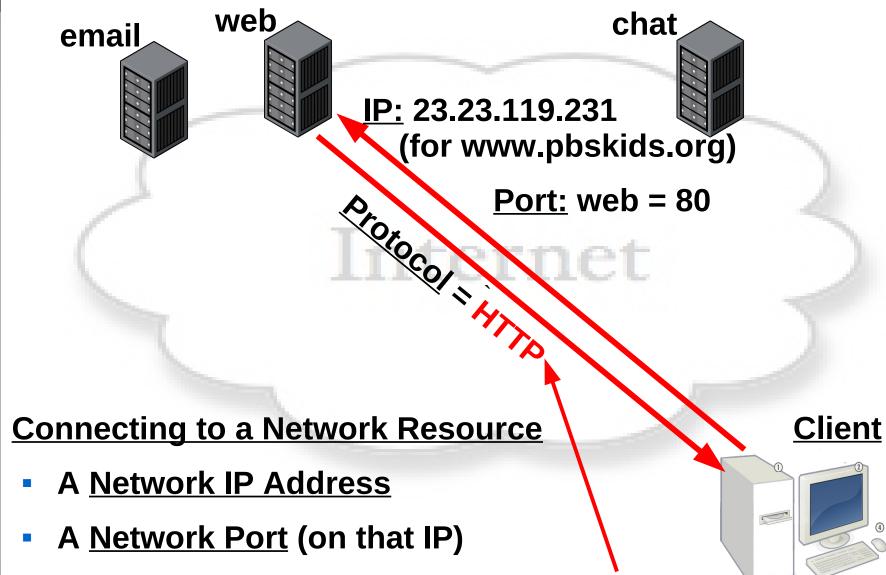
<u>Client</u>



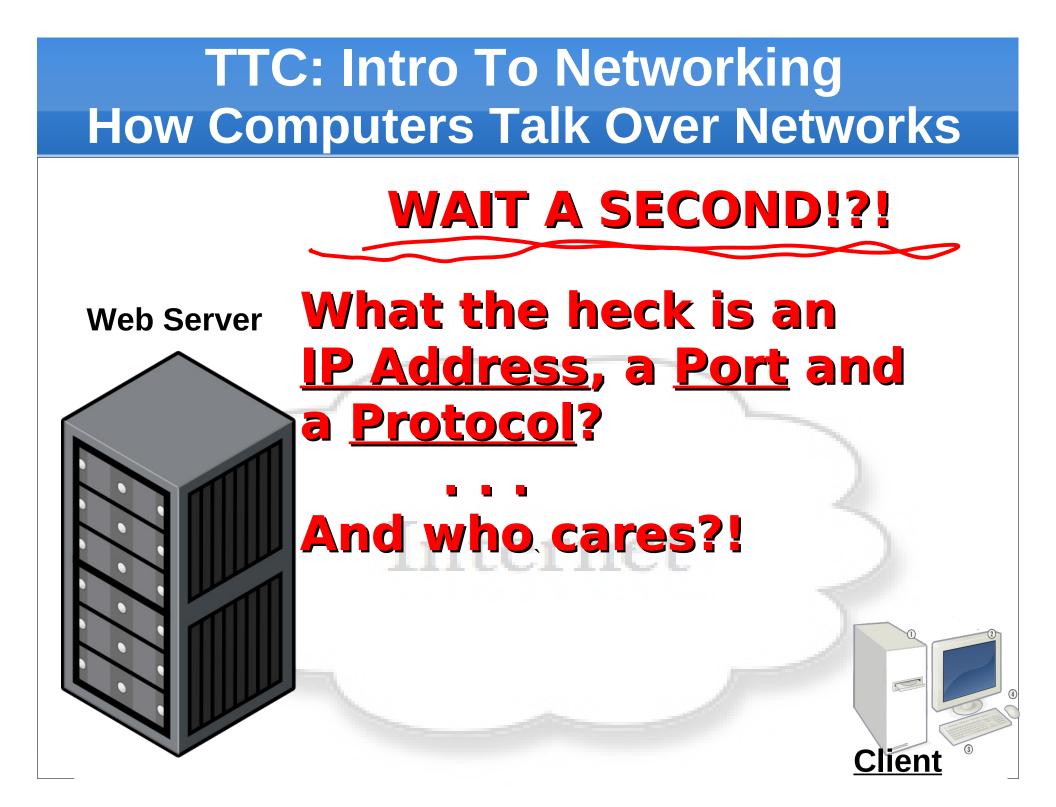


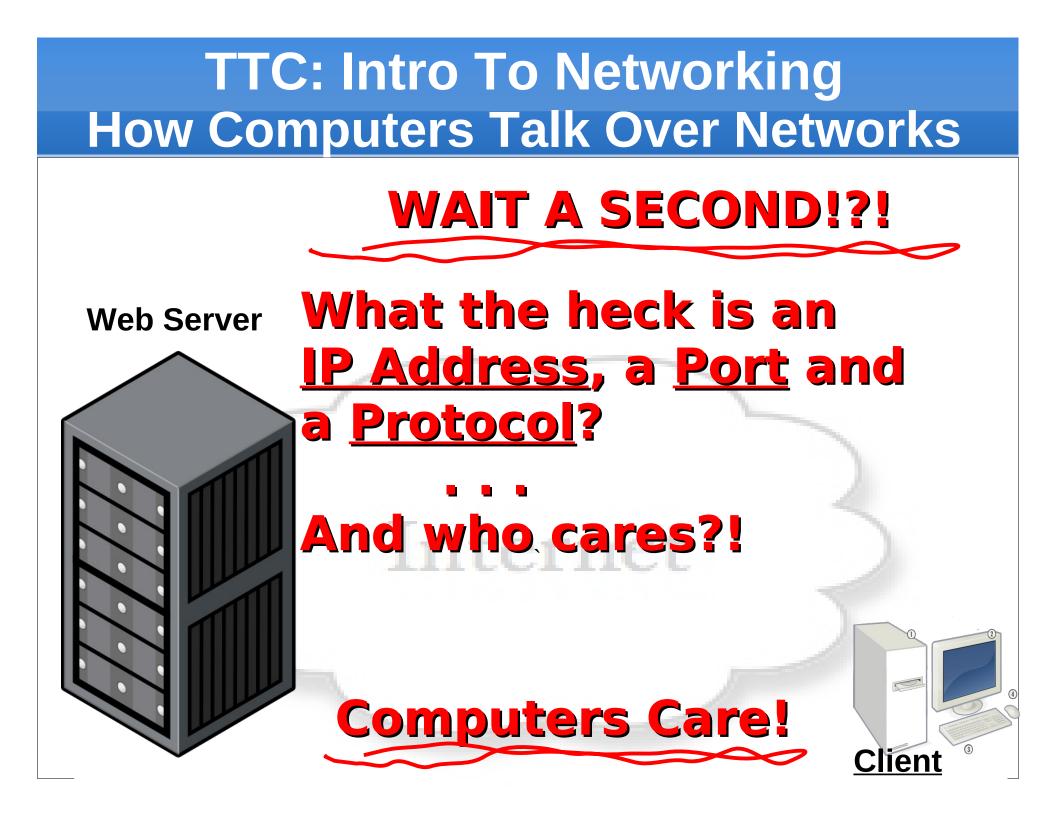


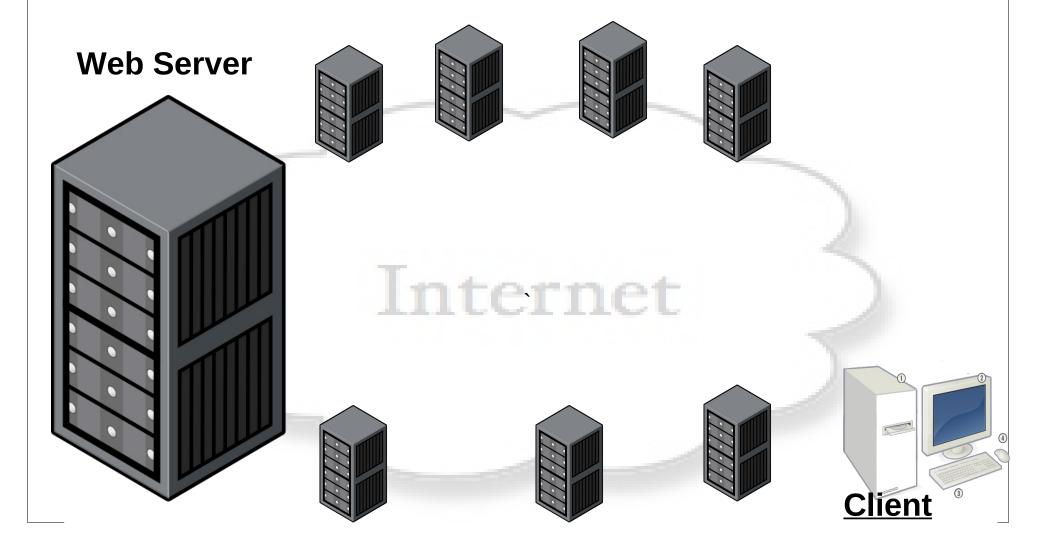


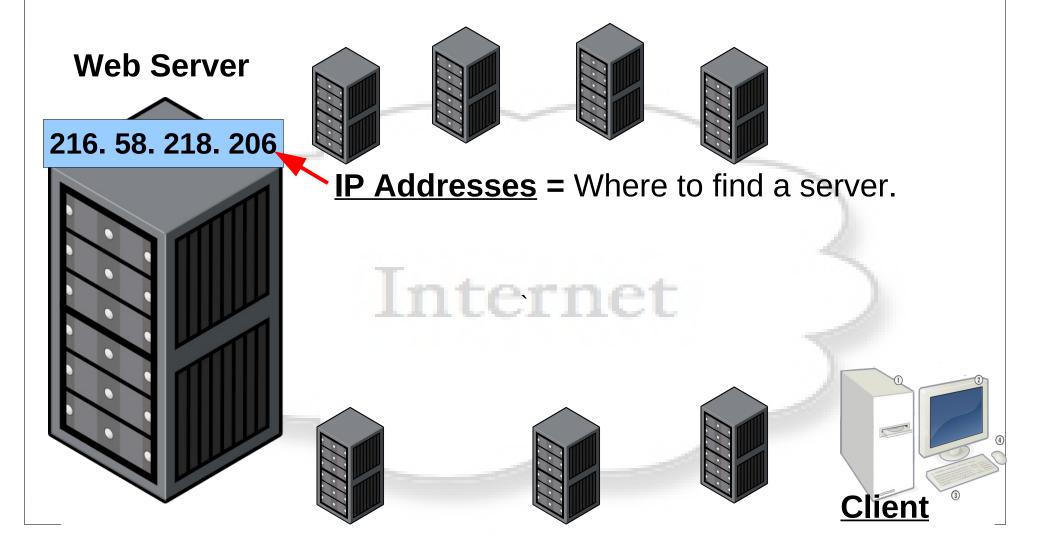


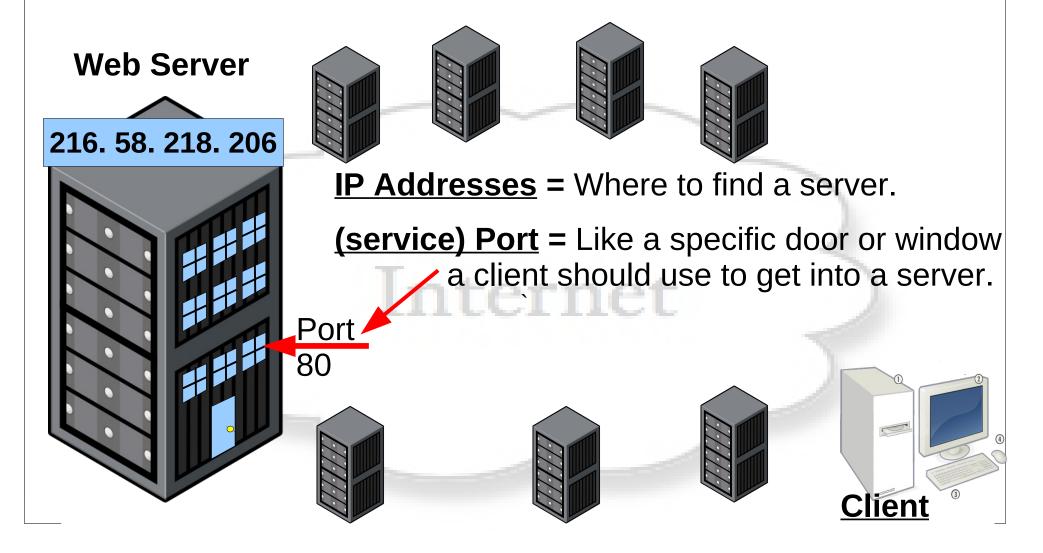
A protocol (language and rules to talk to server)

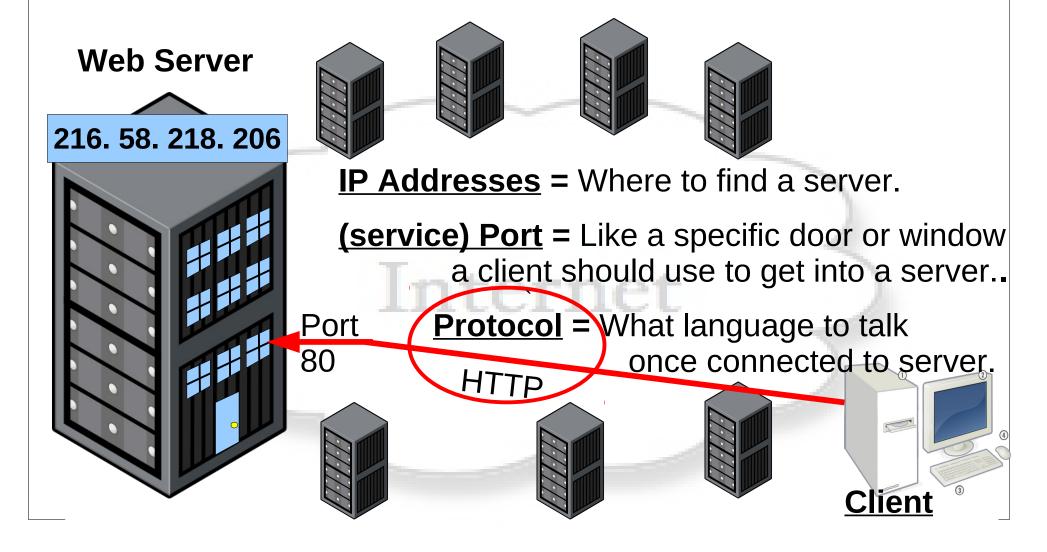


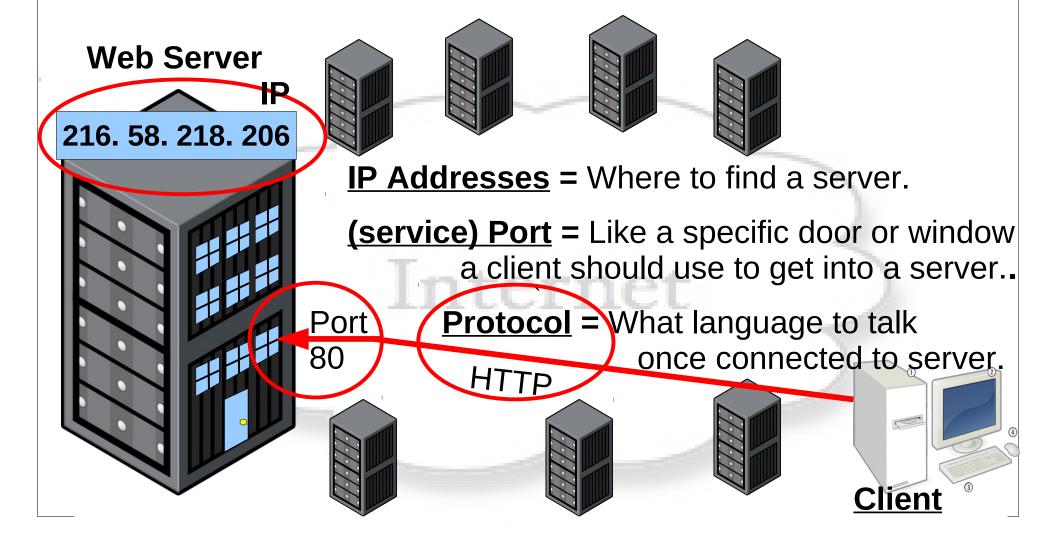


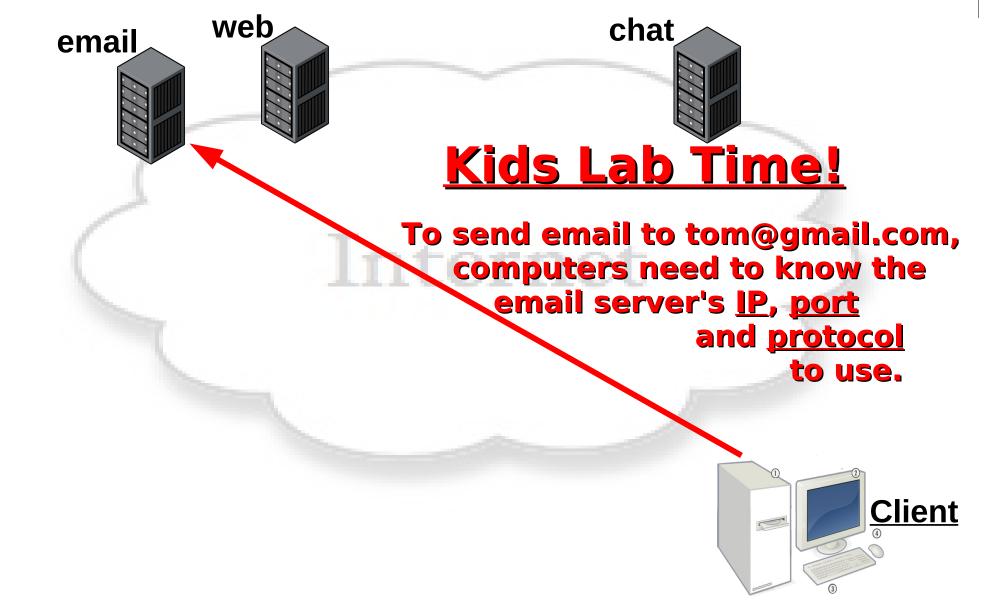


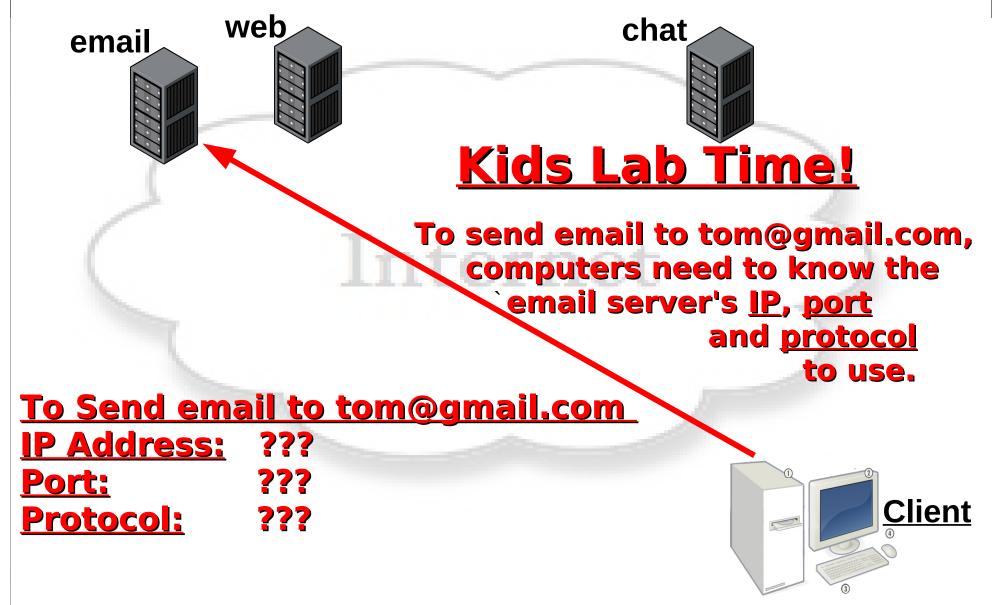


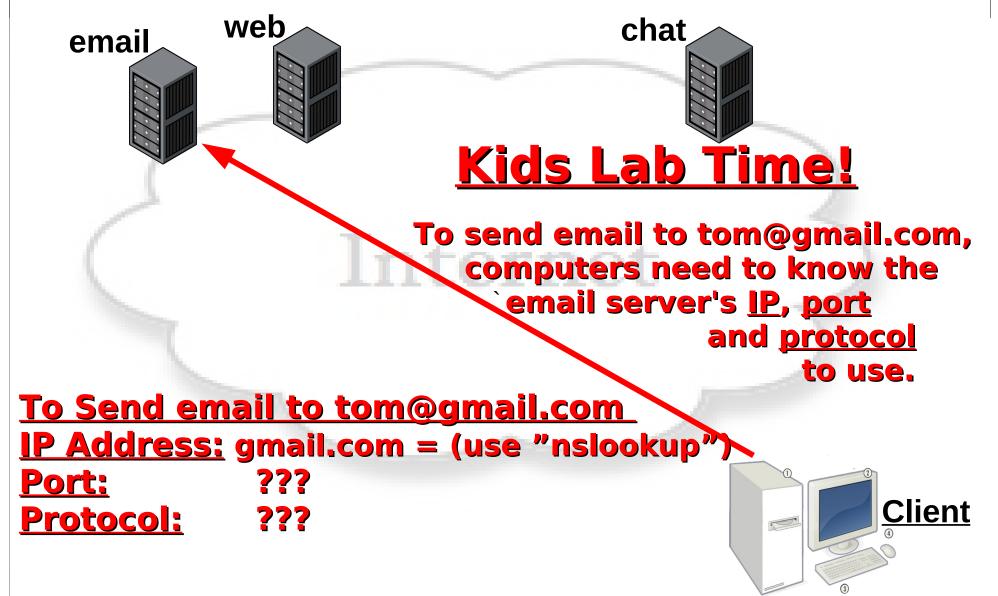


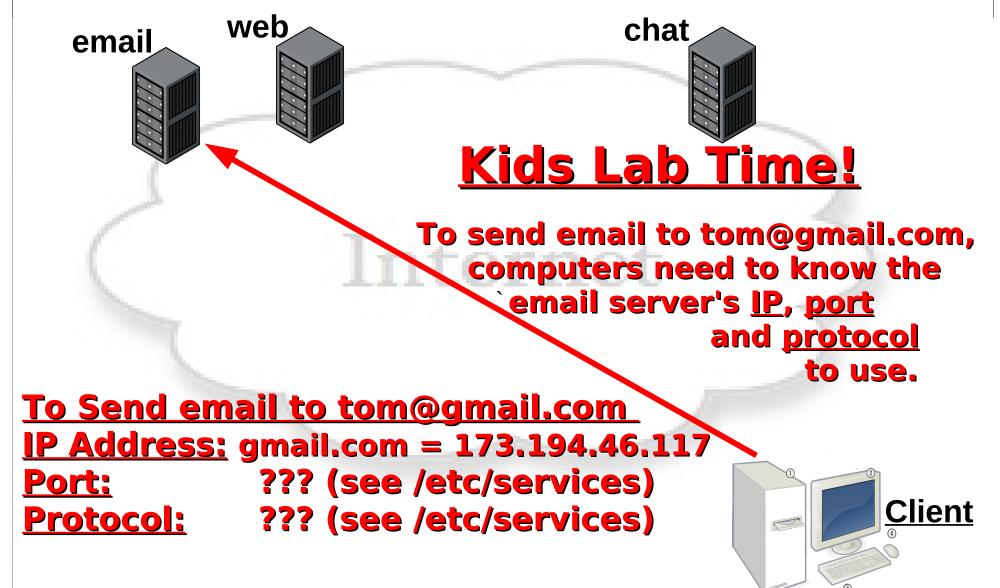


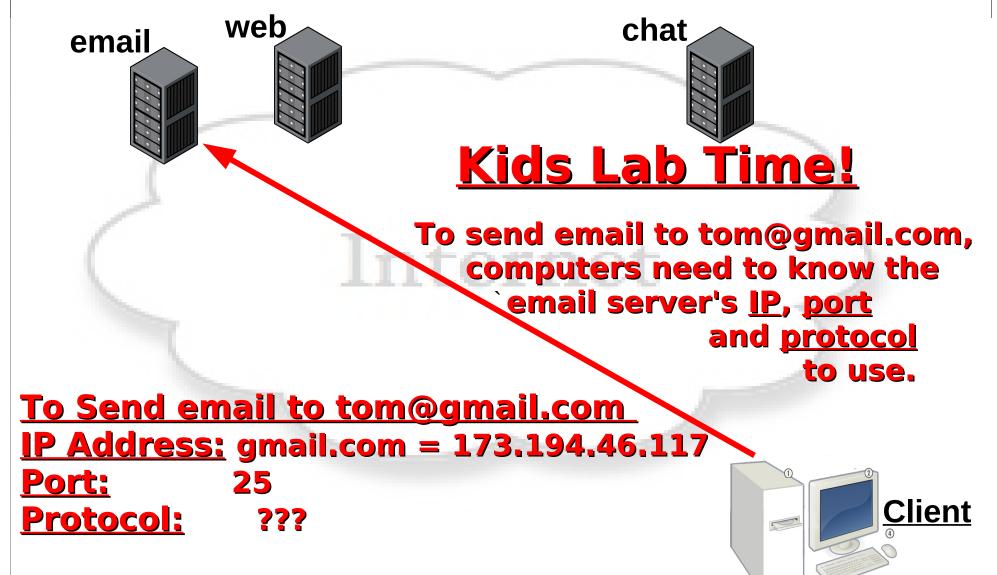


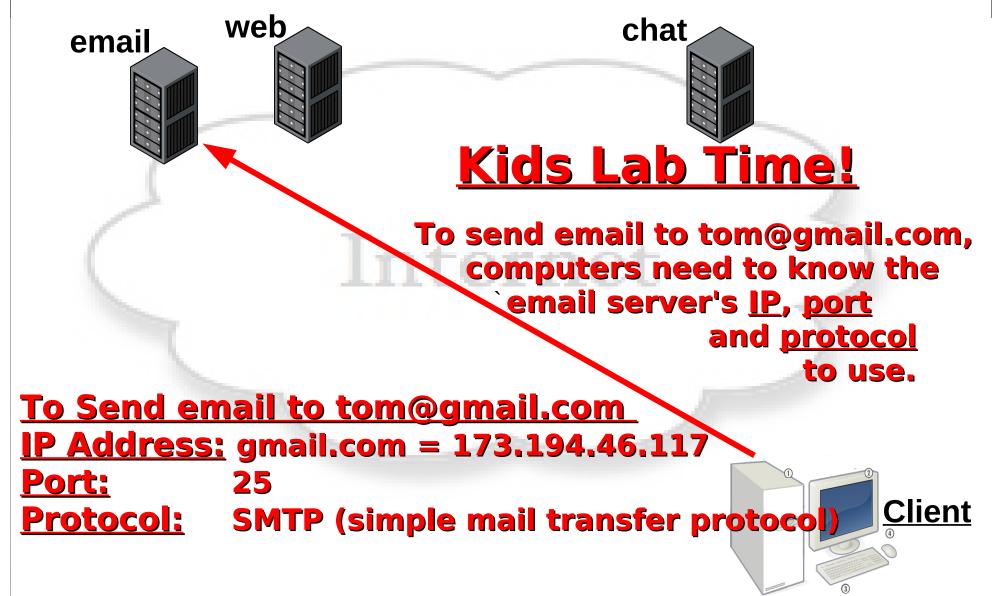


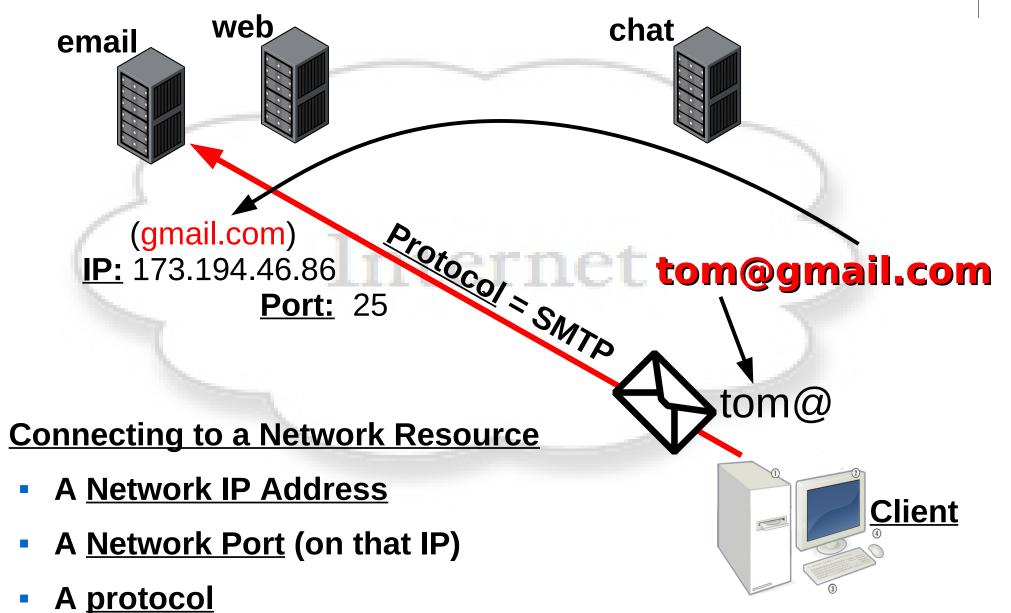


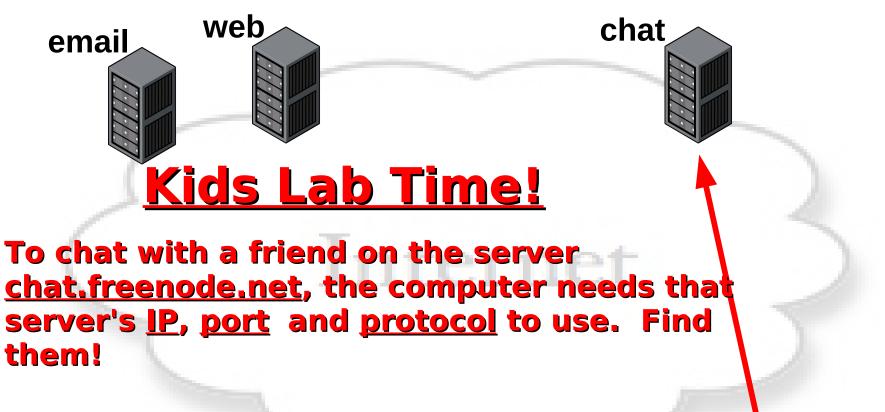








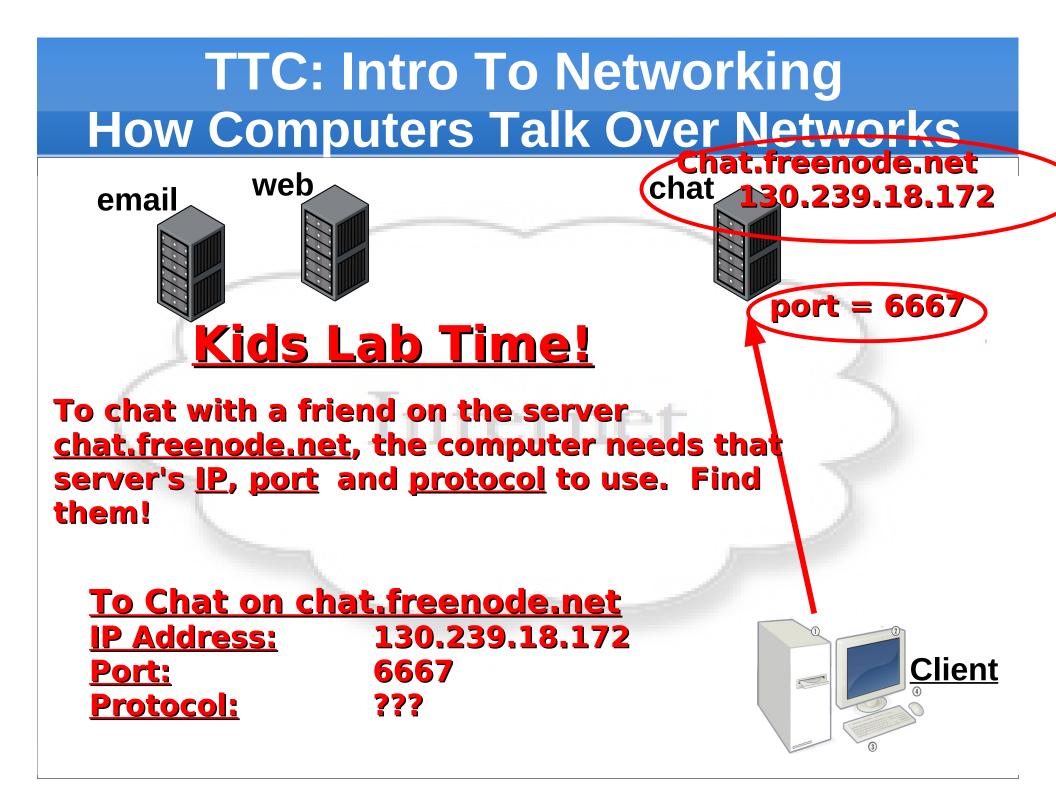


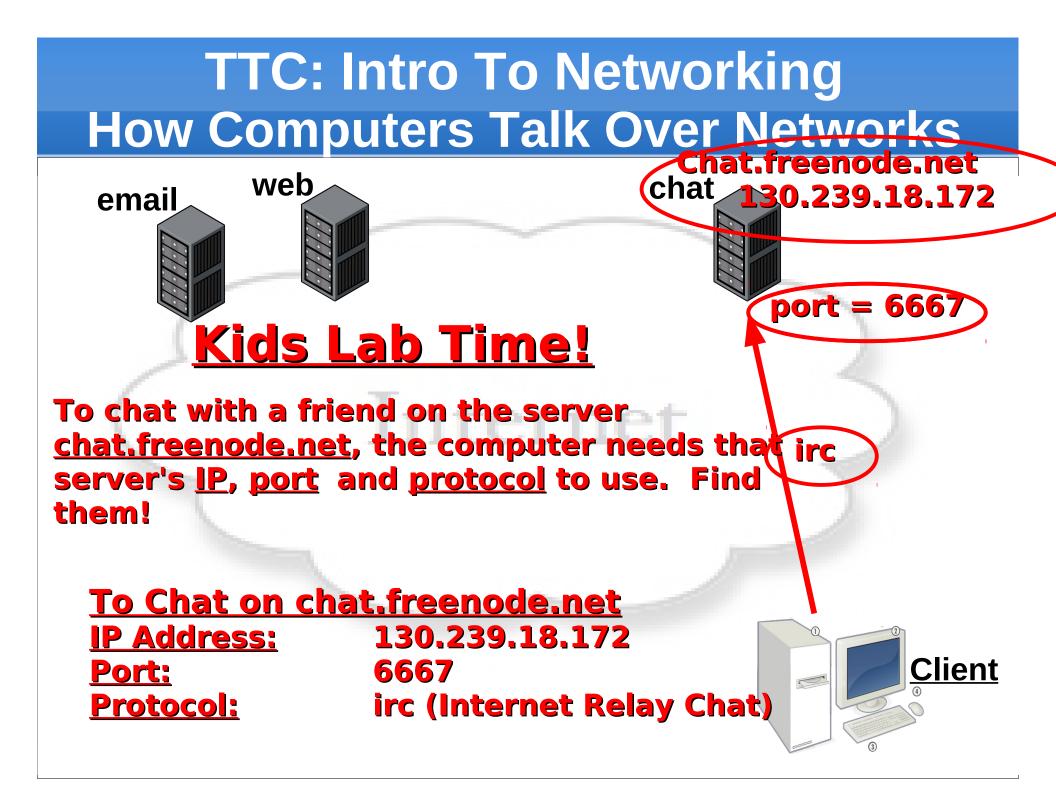


To Chat on	chat.freenode.net
IP Address:	???
Port:	???
Protocol:	???

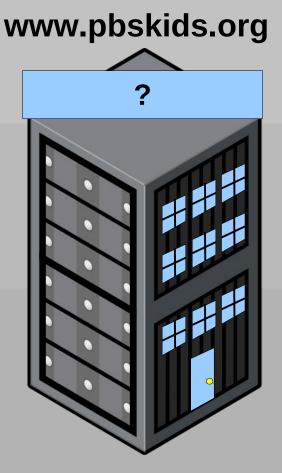


TTC: Intro To Networking How Computers Talk Over Networks Chat.freenode.net chat 130.239.18.172 web email **Kids Lab Time!** To chat with a friend on the server chat.freenode.net, the computer needs that server's IP, port and protocol to use. Find them! To Chat on chat.freenode.net <u>IP Address:</u> 130.239.18.172 **Client** ??? (look for "irc" or "chat") **Port: Protocol:** ???





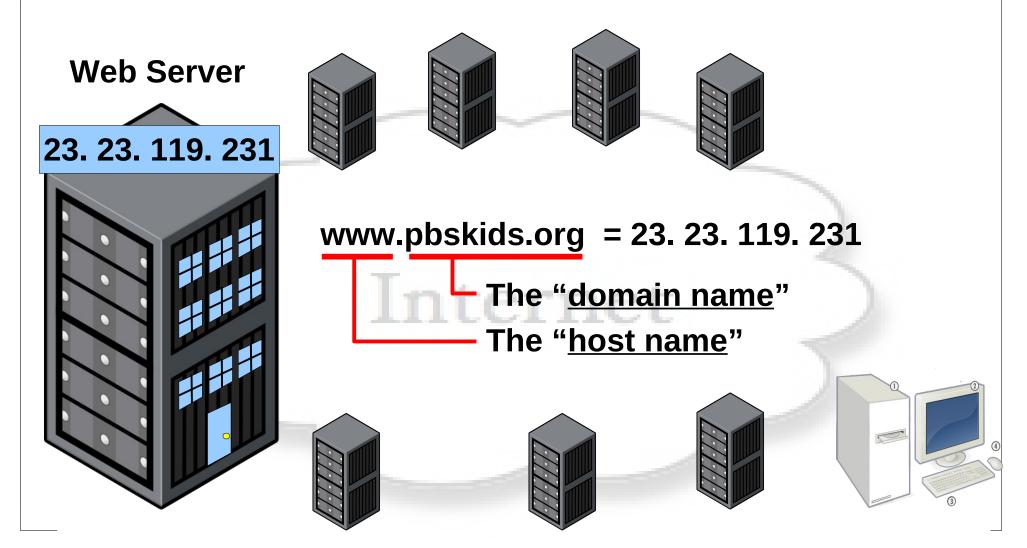
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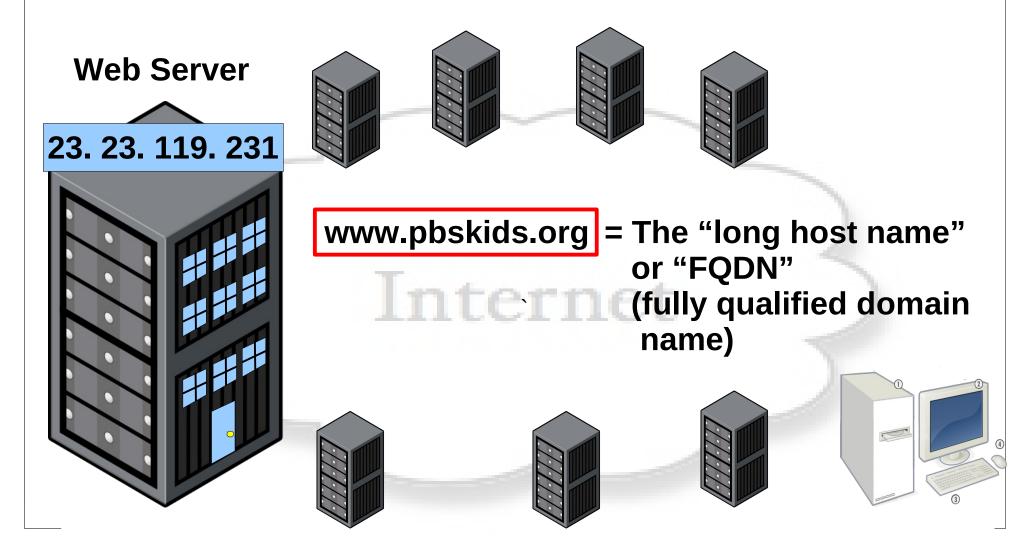
What is a Computer Name?

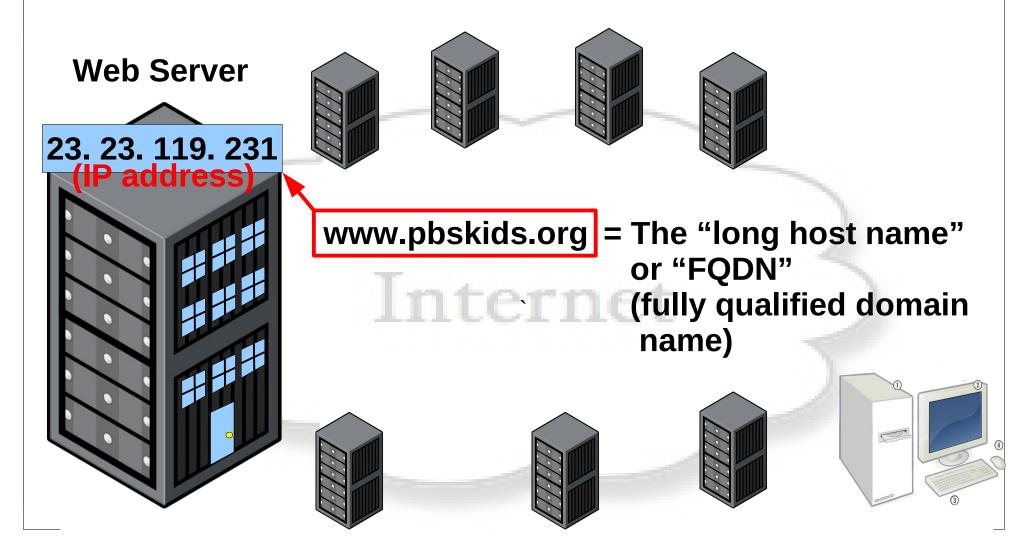


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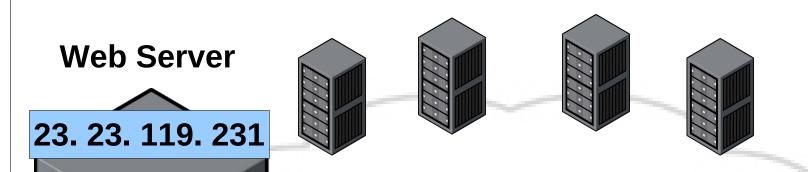


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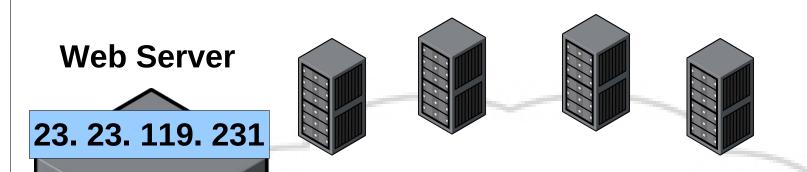


What is a Computer Name?

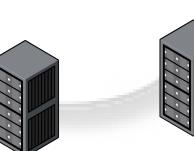


www.pbskids.org = The FQDN http://www.pbskids.org/ = The URL

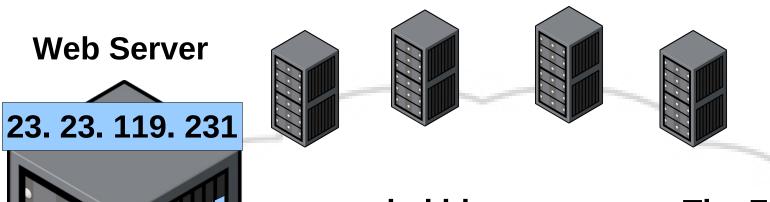
What is a Computer Name?



www.pbskids.org = The FQDN http://www.pbskids.org/ = The URL

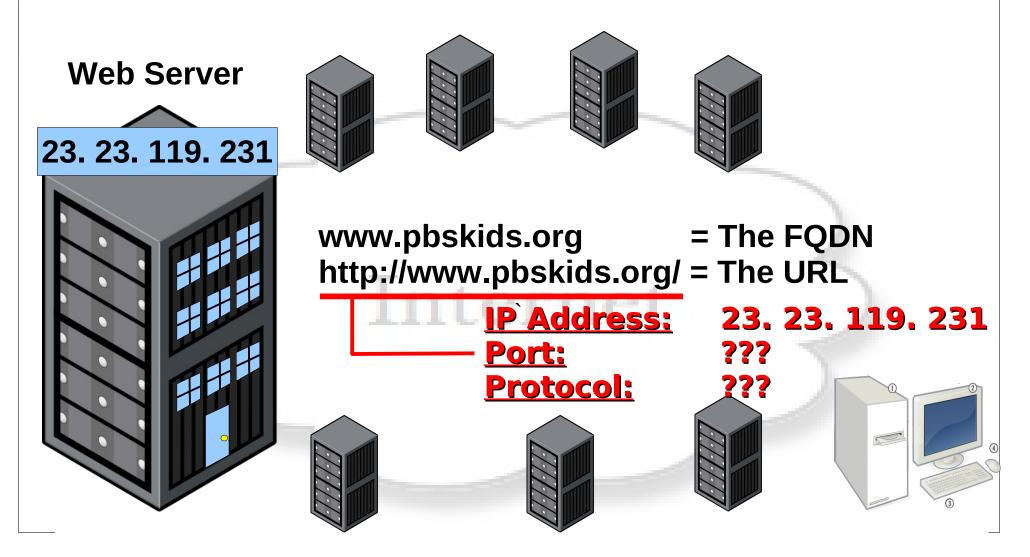


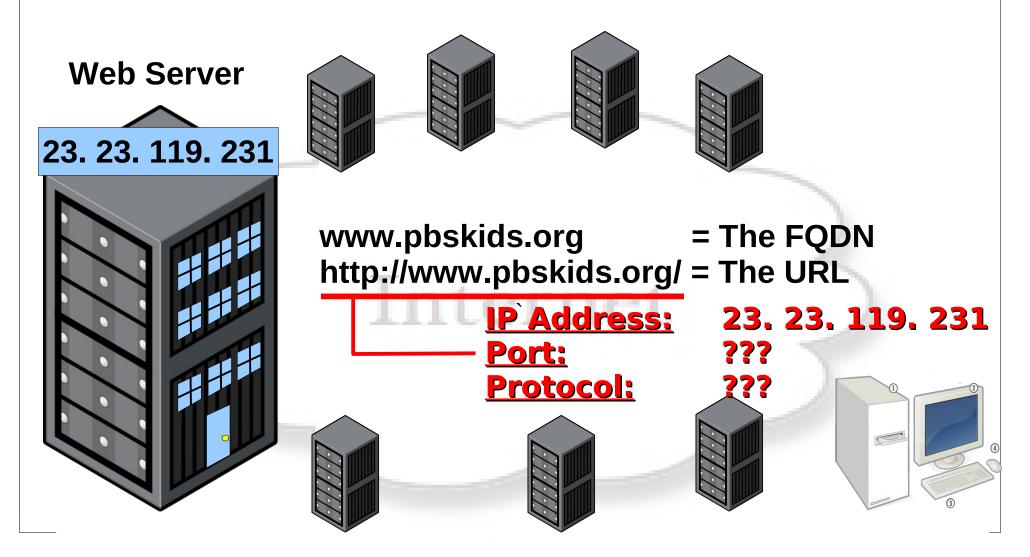
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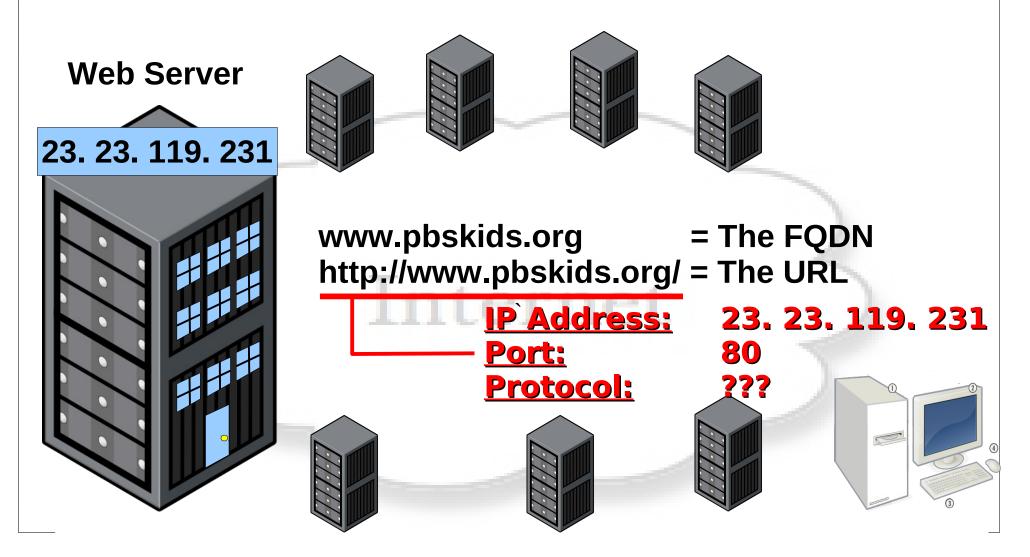


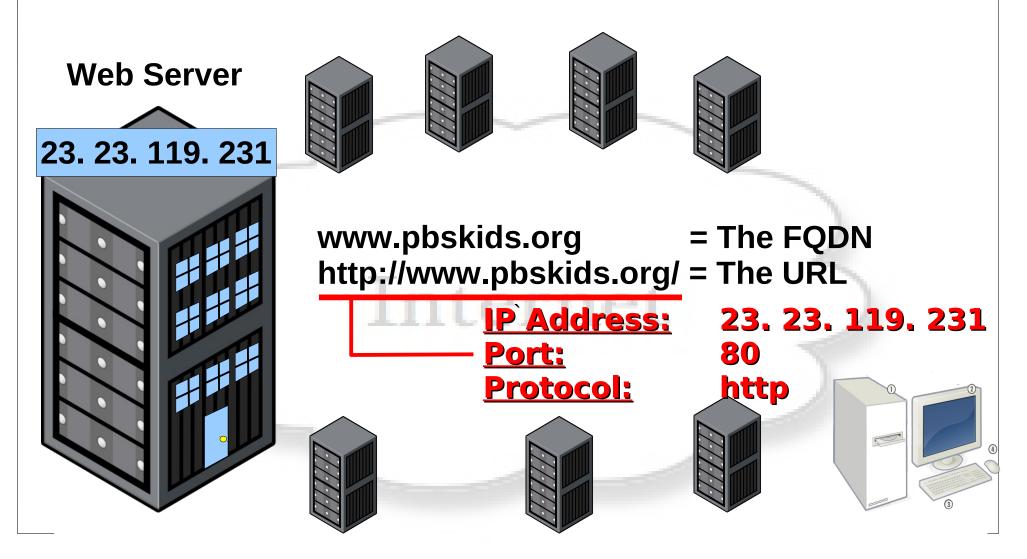
www.pbskids.org = The FQDN http://www.pbskids.org/ = The URL

The port and protocol

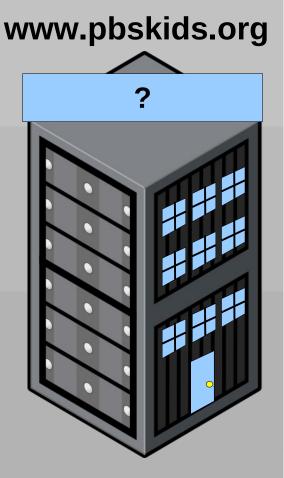








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DNS Lookup IP/Hostnames– DNS lookup -host <host>DNS root trace -dig +trace <host>Windows DNS lookup -nslookup <host>

<u>Getting Your Own Hostname</u> – hostname

Lookup Domain Ownership - whois <domain.com>

Connecting to hosts -	- secure shell -	<pre>ssh <user@example.com></user@example.com></pre>
	insecure shell -	<pre>telnet <ip host=""> <port></port></ip></pre>
	netcat -	nc <ip host=""> <port></port></ip>
	cli web browser –	elinks <http: url=""></http:>

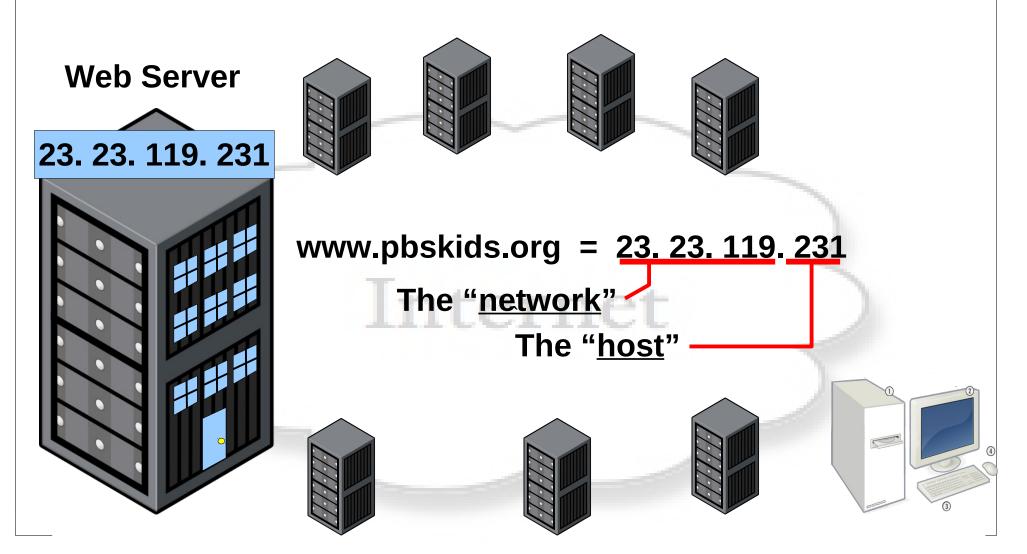
<u>Computer's static IP/hostname file</u> - /etc/hosts (on Windows C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\hosts)

<u>Computer's static service/port translation file</u> - /etc/services (on Windows C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\services)



(on Windows C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\services)

What is an IP Address?



IP Addressing/Network Testing Tools

Listing your machine IP Addresses - Linux/Mac - ip addr show Legacy - ifconfig -a Windows DNS lookup- ipconfig /all

<u>Testing (pinging) and IP Address</u> – Linux/Mac – ping <ip/host> Windows – ping -c <ip/host>

Port/IP Scanning -

Ping Network Scan -nmap-sP192.168.1.0/24Host Port Scan -nmap-sS<ip/host>Host Fingerprint Scan -nmap-0-v<ip/host>

The "host" -

 Network/Internet Routes
 – Your routes (legacy/Windows) route
 – n

 Your routes (new/Lin/Mac) ip route show table local

 Test routes to host (ICMP/legacy) traceroute <host>

 Test path to host (UDP) traceroute -c <host>

 Nice network stats diagnostic tool (TCP) mtr <host/ip>

IP Addressing/Network Testing Tools

Listing your machine IP Addresses - Linux/Mac - ip addr show Legacy – ifconfig –a Windows DNS lookup - ipconfig /all Web Server

Testing (pinging) and IP Address - Linux/Mac - ping <ip/host> Windows - ping -c <ip/host>

Port/IP Scanning

SECURITY WARNING!

Don't do this without network/host admin permission, or you could go to jail!

Ping Network Scan – nmap – sP 192.168.1.0/24 Host Port Scan _ _ _ nmap _sS <ip/host> Host Fingerprint Scan - nmap -0 -v <ip/host>

The "host" -

Network/Internet Routes – Your routes (legacy/Windows) - route –n Your routes (new/Lin/Mac) - ip route show table local Test routes to host (ICMP/legacy) - traceroute <host> Test path to host (UDP) - traceroute -c <host> Nice network stats diagnostic tool (TCP) - mtr <host/ip>

IP, Port and Protocols Lab

Follow steps below and record discoveries.

- Use "ping 8.8.8.8" to test your Internet connection
- Find out what your IP Address is & ping yourself
- What is your LAN's "gateway" address?
- Ask your neighbor if you can port scan their machine. If okay, use "nmap -ss <ip>" to scan them.
- What ports & protocols are "open"?
- Ask to connect to one of your neighbor's IP:ports

 After succesfully connecting –
- Turn off your computer's network connection
- Now try to connect to your neighbor
- Try pinging "ping 8.8.8.8"
- Try pinging "ping 127.0.0.1"



 run "mtr google.com" from your machine.
 How many "hops" from you to google.com?
 Now, watch the instructor do it from his machine.
 Q: Are the number of hops from your PC to google different than from the router?

Why the difference?

TTC: Intro To Networking Q & A

Questions, Answers

and Discussion Time